## Contents

**Safety**
- Important safety instructions ............................................................... 6
- Symbols ........................................................................................................ 7

**Introduction**
- How to use this manual ........................................................................... 8
- P1 AVB processor and measurement platform ........................................... 8

**System components** ............................................................................. 9

**Technical description** ............................................................................
- Main features .............................................................................................. 10
  - Internal components .................................................................................. 10
  - Front and rear panels ................................................................................ 10
- Signal processing ......................................................................................... 11
  - Signal inputs ............................................................................................. 11
  - Measurement and tuning .......................................................................... 11
  - DSP architecture ....................................................................................... 12
  - Signal outputs ........................................................................................... 13
- Power supply ............................................................................................... 13
- Monitoring and control ................................................................................
  - User interface ........................................................................................... 13
  - L-NET remote control network ................................................................. 13

**Inspection and preventive maintenance** ...................................................
- How to do preventive maintenance ........................................................... 14
  - CHK - External structure .......................................................................... 14
  - CHK - External cleanliness ........................................................................ 14
  - CHK - Network functionalities and firmware ............................................ 15

**Installation** ............................................................................................
- Mounting .................................................................................................... 16
- Ventilation ................................................................................................... 16
- General Purpose I/O (GPIO) ....................................................................... 17
- Audio and network cabling .......................................................................... 18
  - Connection panels .................................................................................... 18
  - Cabling example ....................................................................................... 20
- Connecting to AC mains ............................................................................ 21
- Electrical specifications ............................................................................... 21
- Power cord ................................................................................................. 21
Safety

Important safety instructions

⚠️ Verify the electrical conformity and compatibility of the mains supply.
Only connect the product to an AC power outlet rated 100-240 V, 50-60 Hz.
The product draws 27 W (typical).
WARNING: The product is of CLASS 1 construction and shall be connected to a mains socket outlet with a protective connection to earth.

⚠️ When the product is used in a three-phase circuit, verify the electrical conformity and compatibility of the three-phase circuit.
Verify that the three phases work, and balance the loads between the three phases.
Verify that the neutral and earth work.
Never try to emulate a 230 V circuit connecting an apparatus to two live wires of a 120 V three-phase circuit.
Never try to emulate a 200 V circuit connecting an apparatus to two live wires of a 100 V three-phase circuit.

⚠️ Electrical generator
You must power on the generator before powering on the product.
Verify that the product is turned off before powering on the generator.
To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, this apparatus should not be exposed to rain or moisture and objects filled with liquids, such as vases, should not be placed on this apparatus.
Never incorporate equipment or accessories not approved by L-Acoustics.
Read all the related PRODUCT INFORMATION documents shipped with the products before exploiting the system.

⚠️ Inspect the product before operation.
If any sign of defect or damage is detected, immediately withdraw the product from use for maintenance.
Perform preventive maintenance at least once a year.
Refer to the preventive maintenance section for a list of actions and their periodicity.
Insufficient upkeep of the product can void the warranty.

⚠️ This product is intended for use by trained personnel.

⚠️ Do not use the product outside its operating temperature range.
The product operates at a room temperature between 0 °C / 32 °F and 50 °C / 122 °F.
Do not expose the product to direct sun.

⚠️ Only use the product in a conformed electro-magnetic environment.
Conformed environments are: E1 (residential), E2 (commercial and light industrial), E3 (urban outdoors), E4 (controlled EMC environment, ex. TV studio), E5 (heavy industrial), as per EN55103-2 standards.

⚠️ Avoid radio interference.
This product has been tested and complies with the limits indicated in the EMC directive (Electro Magnetic Compatibility). These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference from electrical equipment, but it cannot be guaranteed that interference will never occur.

⚠️ Read the maintenance section of this document before servicing the product.

⚠️ Shipping
Use the original packaging for shipping the product, unless it is mounted in a rack with the front fixed to the rack, as described in this manual.
Explanation of graphical symbols

The lightning flash with arrowhead symbol within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of uninsulated “dangerous voltage” within the product’s enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.

The exclamation point within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance instructions in the literature accompanying the product.

Symbols

The following symbols are used in this document:

⚠️ This symbol indicates a potential risk of harm to an individual or damage to the product.

It can also notify the user about instructions that must be strictly followed to ensure safe installation or operation of the product.

⚡ This symbol indicates a potential risk of electrical injury.

It can also notify the user about instructions that must be strictly followed to ensure safe installation or operation of the product.

⚠️ This symbol notifies the user about instructions that must be strictly followed to ensure proper installation or operation of the product.

ℹ️ This symbol notifies the user about complementary information or optional instructions.

🚫 Do not open unless authorized.

This symbol indicates the presence of electrical shock hazards.

It also indicates that no maintenance performed by the end user requires access to internal components.
Introduction

How to use this manual

The P1 owner’s manual is intended for all actors involved in the system design, implementation, preventive and corrective maintenance of the P1 product. It must be used as follows:

1. Read the technical description for an overview of all product elements, their features, and their compatibilities.
   • Technical description (p.10)
2. Before installing the product, perform mandatory inspections and functional checks.
   • Inspection and preventive maintenance (p.14)
3. To deploy the product, follow the step-by-step installation instructions and refer to the cabling schemes.
   • Installation (p.16)
   • Audio and network cabling (p.18)
4. To configure the settings and parameters of the product, follow the step-by-step operation instructions.
   • Operation (p.22)

The Corrective maintenance (p.66) section contains the operations authorized for the end user.
Performing another operation exposes to hazardous situations.
For advanced maintenance, contact your L-Acoustics representative.

As part of a continuous evolution of techniques and standards, L-Acoustics reserves the right to change the specifications of its products and the content of its document without prior notice. Please check www.l-acoustics.com on a regular basis to download the latest document and software updates.

Contact information

For information on advanced corrective maintenance:
- contact your Certified Provider or your L-Acoustics representative
- for Certified Providers, contact the L-Acoustics customer service: customer.service@l-acoustics.com

P1 AVB processor and measurement platform

L-Acoustics P1 is an AVB processor and measurement platform. Remote controlled from LA Network Manager 2.6 Windows/macOS software together with L-Acoustics amplified controllers, its 20 inputs / 18 outputs dual core DSP platform provides a comprehensive solution for mixing desk selection, signal processing and distribution over AVB networks, AES/EBU or analog lines.

P1 includes four microphone inputs and an advanced library of acoustic measurement functions for efficient system tuning. The workflow is twofold: the impulse responses of all parts of the system are acquired from multiple audience locations; then, optimal system tuning is directly determined from LA Network Manager 3 with automatic delay finder and EQ modelization offline algorithms. Thanks to a powerful database architecture and online integration with amplified controllers, the System Engineer can easily select and apply the settings that will achieve the desired result in accordance with the Soundvision design, the audience characteristics, and the artistic objectives.
System components

Loudspeaker enclosures

Refer to the user documentation of the loudspeaker systems for detailed instructions about the enclosures and their connection to the amplified controllers.

Powering and driving system

LA12X  Amplified controller with DSP, preset library and networking capabilities
LA4X  Amplified controller with DSP, preset library and networking capabilities
LA8  Amplified controller with DSP, preset library and networking capabilities
LA4  Amplified controller with DSP, preset library and networking capabilities
P1  AVB processor and measurement platform

Rack

LA-RAK II  Touring rack containing three LA12X, LA-POWER II for power distribution and LA-PANEL II for audio and network distribution

Software applications

Soundvision  3D acoustical and mechanical modeling software
LA Network Manager  Software for remote control and monitoring of amplified controllers

Refer to the Soundvision help.
Refer to the LA Network Manager help.

Illustrations

LA Network Manager  LA-RAK II
Technical description

Main features

Internal components

P1 has 20 inputs:

- four microphone inputs with switchable +48 V phantom power and high-pass filter.
- four analog line inputs with high-quality A/D conversion
- four AES/EBU inputs with high-quality Sample Rate Converter (SRC)
- one AVB listener capable of retrieving up to eight audio channels from one stream

Its dual DSP core allows to mix these inputs to four independent DSP busses for EQ and dynamics signal processing, and/or route them directly to any of the 16 + 2 outputs:

- four analog line outputs with high-quality D/A conversion
- four AES/EBU outputs
- one AVB talker capable of sending up to eight audio channels in one stream
- one stereo headphone output

Power is provided by a universal Switched Mode Power Supply (SMPS). Control is possible from the front panel TFT color touchscreen display user interface, and remotely over 1 Gb/s Ethernet. One General Purpose I/O (GPIO), containing two GPI and two GPO, allows for control of preconfigured status or operations. Two USB 2.0 host connectors allow the connection of the P1 Sensor for temperature and humidity measurement or a USB storage device (max. 500 mA / 5 V).

Front and rear panels

- 1: TFT color touchscreen display (320 × 120 px)
- 2: encoding wheel with push button
- 3: USB 2.0 host connectors
- 4: XLR analog mic input connectors
- 5: 1/4 inch stereo headphone jack
- 6: XLR analog input connectors
- 7: XLR analog output connectors
- 8: XLR AES/EBU input connectors
- 9: XLR AES/EBU output connectors
- 10: EtherCON connectors (L-NET and AVB)
- 11: General Purpose I/O (GPIO) DB9 female connector
- 12: IEC C13 V-Lock compatible socket with on/off switch
Signal processing

Signal inputs

P1 features 10 XLR connectors capable of receiving up to 12 input signals: four microphones, four analog lines, four AES/EBU signals (transported in pairs).

In addition, eight channels may be retrieved from an AVB stream at 48 kHz or 96 kHz, connected by one of the two 1 Gb/s Ethernet ports.

Analog line

P1 can receive four balanced analog line signals using the four analog input connectors on the rear panel. The maximum input signal level is +22 dBu.

Each connector is an ESD protected female XLR3.

To be processed by the DSP, the analog signal is converted into a digital signal. For this purpose, P1 is fitted with an A/D converter operating at 32-bit/96 kHz.

AES/EBU

P1 can receive four AES/EBU digital audio signals (transported in pairs) using the two AES/EBU input connectors on the rear panel.

Each connector is an ESD protected female XLR3.

Each AES/EBU input port is equipped with a Sample Rate Converter (SRC) selected to support a wide range of input formats [16, 18, 20 or 24 bits / 44.1, 48, 88.2, 96, 176.4 or 192 kHz]. It converts them to the 24 bits / 96 kHz internal format. The SRC is a high-quality hardware component (140 dB dynamic range, < -120 dBfs THD+N, strong input jitter attenuation) and provides constant propagation delay regardless of the input sampling frequency. There is no external synchronization mode. The processor clock runs either using its high-precision internal quartz at 96 kHz, or on the clock of the connected AVB input stream.

AVB

P1 retrieves up to up to eight channels from a single AVB stream.

Each connector uses a high speed data transfer protocol up to 1 Gb/s and supports the IEC 61883-6 AM824 and AAF PCM32 stream formats with stream frequencies of 48 kHz or 96 kHz.

P1 operates as an AVB bridge and may therefore be used to create an AVB network.

Microphone

P1 can receive four analog mic/line signals using the four MIC input connectors on the front panel. The maximum input signal level is +22 dBu (at 0 dB gain). Gain range is 0 dB to 60 dB.

Each connector is an ESD protected female XLR3.

Other

P1 features two USB 2.0 host connectors and a General Purpose I/O (GPIO) female DB9 connector connector.

The two USB 2.0 host connectors can be used to connect the P1 Sensor for temperature and humidity measurement, or a USB storage device.

⚠️ If a connected device draws more than 500 mA / 5 V, both USB ports stop working.

Do not charge phones on P1.

If the USB ports stop working, disconnect the device and power cycle P1.

Measurement and tuning

P1 is the measurement platform for LA Network Manager 3.0, using the four MIC input connectors for multi-microphone measurement and the USB P1 Sensor for temperature and humidity acquisition.

Refer to the LA Network Manager Help for detailed instructions.
**DSP architecture**

The DSP engine is a 32-bit floating point DSP at 96 kHz sampling rate. It provides an enhanced dynamic range as it does not produce internal signal clipping like a fixed point DSP.

1. One stream of up to 8 channels (6 ch. available when Media Player is enabled).
2. One stream of up to 8 channels (restrictions apply in measurement mode).
Signal outputs

P1 features six XLR connectors capable of distributing up to eight output signals: four analog lines and four AES/EBU signals (transported in pairs).

In addition, eight channels may be transmitted using one AVB stream at 48 kHz or 96 kHz through the L-NET 1 Gb/s Ethernet ports.

Analog line outputs

P1 can distribute four analog line signals using the four analog output connectors on the rear panel.
Each connector is an ESD protected male XLR3.

AES/EBU outputs

P1 can distribute four AES/EBU digital audio signals (transported in pairs) using the two AES/EBU output connectors on the rear panel.
Each connector is an ESD protected male XLR3.

AVB outputs

P1 can distribute eight channels using one AVB stream at 48 kHz or 96 kHz using the two L-NET EtherCON connectors on the rear panel.
Each connector uses a high speed data transfer protocol up to 1 Gb/s and supports the IEC 61883-6 AM824 and AAF PCM32 stream formats, with stream frequencies of 48 kHz or 96 kHz.

Other outputs

P1 features a 1/4 inch stereo headphone jack.
Some P1 feature a USB port marked DBG. This port is reserved for advanced maintenance operations by qualified L-Acoustics personnel.

Power supply

P1 relies on a universal Switched Mode Power Supply (SMPS) suitable for mains from 100 V to 240 V (±10%), 50-60 Hz.

Monitoring and control

User interface

The front panel is fitted with a 320 x 120 px TFT color touchscreen display and an encoding wheel with push button.

Refer to section Operation (p.22) for detailed instructions.

L-NET remote control network

L-NET is an Ethernet-based network with a high speed data transfer protocol up to 1 Gb/s.
P1 is connected to the computer running LA Network Manager using either of its two etherCON connectors on the rear panel and industry standard CAT5e U/FTP cables (or higher category) fitted with RJ45 connectors.

Refer to the LA Network Manager Help for detailed instructions (in section User guide > General).
Inspection and preventive maintenance

How to do preventive maintenance

Inspect the product periodically as indicated, and after any corrective maintenance operation.

Structure and cleanness

Before and after each deployment (touring applications), or at least once a month (fixed installations):

- CHK - External structure (p.14)
- CHK - External cleanness (p.14)

Functionalities

At least once a year:

- CHK - Network functionalities and firmware (p.15)

CHK - External structure

The indicates a visual inspection.

- encoder wheel knob is present
- front panel touchscreen display and chassis are not damaged
- front and rear connectors are not damaged

CHK - External cleanness

Use a dry cloth to remove any dust from the side grills.
**CHK - Network functionalities and firmware**

**Equipment**

- computer with LA Network Manager (version 2.6 minimum) and CAT5e U/FTP cable

**Procedure**

1. Connect the processor to an Ethernet port of a computer running LA Network Manager.
   Use the CAT5e U/FTP cable.
2. Open LA Network Manager and set it on online mode.
3. Check that the processor is detected as an online Unit.
   Refer to the LA Network Manager Help.
4. Check that all L-Acoustics processors in the system run the same version of the firmware.
   The version of the firmware should match with the version of LA Network Manager in use. Refer to the LA NWM and firmware compatibility issues technical bulletin.
5. If convenient, update LA Network Manager and the firmware to the latest versions.

   If using a third-party control system such as Crestron or Extron, check that updating firmware does not break compatibility.
Installation

Mounting

P1 is one rack unit high (1U) and can be mounted in an EIA-standard 19'' rack using the four points on the front panel. Use the fixing material provided by the rack manufacturer to mount the processor to the rack front rails.

![Mounting Diagram]

**P1 is not compatible with L-Case.**

Ventilation

To maintain moderate operating temperatures, P1 is equipped with side grills and a fan with temperature-controlled speed (internal temperature probe).

The air flows from the right side to the left side (when looking at P1 from the front).

![Ventilation Diagram]

**Do not block the side ventilation grills.**

Install the processor with the side panels at a minimum distance of 5 cm from any external object or structure. When rack-mounted, make sure airflow is not reduced.
**General Purpose I/O (GPIO)**

P1 features a female DB9 connector on the rear panel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>OUT1+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>OUT1-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>OUT2+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>OUT2-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>IN1+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>IN1-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>IN2+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>+5 V / 50 mA power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>CHGND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following messages can be displayed when an impossible action is triggered.

- **GPI # error: Cannot load cfg** Configuration loading disabled
- **GPI # error: Cannot load cfg A** Invalid configuration index
- **GPI # error: Cannot load cfg B** Invalid configuration index
- **GPI # error: Cannot load next cfg** No next configuration found
- **GPI # error: Cannot load prev. cfg** No previous configuration found

Displayed if the GPIO is programmed to load a configuration, but the configuration menu is disabled because LA Network Manager is connected.

Displayed if the GPIO is programmed to load a configuration, but the selected configuration memory space is empty.

Displayed if the GPIO is programmed to load a configuration, but the selected configuration memory space is empty.

Displayed if the GPIO is programmed to load the next configuration, but the next configuration memory space is empty.

Displayed if the GPIO is programmed to load the previous configuration, but the previous configuration memory space is empty.
Audio and network cabling

Connection panels

P1 features input, output and L-NET/AVB connectors on its front and rear panels for audio and network connection. 

⚠️ **Do not connect the P1 outputs to its own inputs.**
Risk of damage to the product and the system.

**input and L-NET connectors**

![Input and L-NET Connectors Diagram]

**output connectors**

![Output Connectors Diagram]

1. Analog mic inputs (front panel)
2. Analog line inputs
3. AES/EBU inputs
4. Ethernet connectors for L-NET and AVB networks
5. Analog line outputs
6. AES/EBU outputs

The XLR3 connectors are wired according to IEC 60268-12:

- pin 1: shield
- pin 2: + signal
- pin 3: - signal

**Analog connectors**

The MIC INPUTS 1 to 4 connectors (front panel) can receive four analog input signals. The ANALOG INPUTS 1 to 4 connectors (rear panels) can receive four analog input signals. The headroom is high enough to accept up to +22 dBu input levels (at 0 dB gain).

The ANALOG OUTPUTS 1 to 4 connectors (rear panel) can send four analog output signals. The maximum output level is +22 dBu (at 0 dB gain).

⚠️ **Loss in the analog signal**

Do not load P1 outputs with less than 600 Ω.

**Balanced cables**

Symmetrical (balanced) shielded cables are highly recommended as balanced signals are less sensitive to AC hum and radio interference.

Unbalanced lines may add noise especially over long cable runs.
AES/EBU connectors

The AES/EBU INPUTS 1/2 and 3/4 connectors (rear panel) can receive four digital input signals.
The AES/EBU OUTPUTS 1/2 and 3/4 connectors (rear panel) can send four digital output signals.

**Supported digital input format**

- Standards: AES/EBU (AES3) or electrical S/PDIF (IEC 60958 Type II)
- Sampling frequency: 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz, 88.2 kHz, 96 kHz, 176.4 kHz, or 192 kHz
- Word length: 16 bits, 18 bits, 20 bits, or 24 bits

**Cables for AES/EBU digital audio**

AES3 specifies that the nominal characteristic impedance of cables used for AES/EBU digital audio transmission shall be $110 \Omega \pm 20\%$, and closer tolerances allow for increased transmission reliability over long lengths or higher sampling rates.

Therefore, it is highly recommended to use high-quality AES/EBU rated cables only, although certain cables designed for balanced analog audio prove to be acceptable at 48 kHz sampling rate over very short distances.

It is recommended to use single lengths of cable between AES/EBU outputs and inputs. Using several shorter cables joined together reduces performance. If it is not possible to use single lengths, it is required to use the same model of cable between two AES/EBU interfaces.

In case of transmission losses, try to reduce the sampling frequency of the digital audio source. Moreover, as a general rule, avoid using sources rated beyond 96 kHz, as the maximum possible cable length is reduced, while the additional information is cancelled by SRC to 96 kHz.

P1 has been tested with up to 200 m / 656 ft of OT234H AES/EBU rated cables from KLOTZ communications GmbH (single cuts, digital source signal running at $Fs = 96$ kHz, tested for input and output).

**Ethernet connectors**

The two etherCON connectors are for the remote control of P1 over an Ethernet network called L-NET using LA Network Manager.

The same connectors are also used for AVB.

Each of the two etherCON connectors can be equally used as an IN or a LINK connector.

Refer to the amplified controller user manuals and the LA Network Manager help for more information on how to connect amplified controllers and P1 to the L-NET / AVB network in daisy-chain, star or hybrid topologies.
Cabling example

P1 can be used for:
- Time-aligned redundant AVB, AES/EBU, and analog signal distribution (to LA-RAK II for example).
- AVB to AES/EBU or analog bridge (for non-AVB amplified controllers like LA8).
- Integration of other platforms (like the self-powered P series).
- Audio playback (with a USB drive and the P1 Media Player).
- System measurement and tuning: multi-microphone measurement with temperature and humidity acquisition (with LA Network Manager 3.0 and the P1 Sensor).

System measurements from LA Network Manager 3.0
Generated sweeps disable AVB output 5 to 8, and all inputs except MIC. Refer to the LA Network Manager Help for more information.
Connecting to AC mains

Electrical specifications

AC mains specifications

⚠️ Verify the electrical conformity and compatibility of the mains supply.
Only connect the product to an AC power outlet rated 100-240 V, 50-60 Hz.
The product draws 27 W (typical).
WARNING: The product is of CLASS 1 construction and shall be connected to a mains socket outlet with a protective connection to earth.

Three-phase circuit

⚠️ When the product is used in a three-phase circuit, verify the electrical conformity and compatibility of the three-phase circuit.
Verify that the three phases work, and balance the loads between the three phases.
Verify that the neutral and earth work.
Never try to emulate a 230 V circuit connecting an apparatus to two live wires of a 120 V three-phase circuit.
Never try to emulate a 200 V circuit connecting an apparatus to two live wires of a 100 V three-phase circuit.

Power cord

The removable IEC cord is fitted with a female IEC C13 connector with V-Lock at one end and a country-specific plug at the other end.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>type</th>
<th>plug</th>
<th>cable ratings</th>
<th>live</th>
<th>neutral</th>
<th>ground</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CE</td>
<td>CEE 7/7, earthed</td>
<td>10 A / 250 V</td>
<td>brown</td>
<td>blue</td>
<td>green/yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CN</td>
<td>GB 2099, earthed</td>
<td>10 A / 250 V</td>
<td>brown</td>
<td>blue</td>
<td>green/yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JP</td>
<td>JIS C 8303, earthed</td>
<td>7 A / 125 V</td>
<td>brown</td>
<td>blue</td>
<td>green/yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US</td>
<td>NEMA 5-15, earthed</td>
<td>10 A / 125 V</td>
<td>black</td>
<td>white</td>
<td>green</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ Strictly apply the specific safety regulations of the country of use.
Do not defeat the ground connection of the supplied power cord using an adaptor or any other methods.

Plugging to AC mains

Procedure

— Connect the power cord female IEC C13 connector to the processor male IEC C14 socket.

⚠️ Check that the cable is properly locked.

— Connect the power cord country-specific plug to the mains socket.

Power consumption

P1 power requirement is 27 W.
Powering on/off

The on/off switch is located on the rear panel.

- **Powering off does not disconnect from mains.**

- **If the product is exposed to condensation, power on, then wait 30 minutes before use.**

Operation

Parameters accessible only from LA Network Manager

Most parameters are accessible both from the P1 front panel and from LA Network Manager.

The following can only be performed from LA Network Manager:

- Reboot.
- AVB stream selection - refer to Signal status (AES and AVB) (p.35) for the current stream status, and to Mapping (AVB) (p.38) to edit the mapping.
- Time-alignment - refer to Time-alignment (p.27) for the indicators.
- Fallback - refer to Automatic input fallback (p.28) for the indicators.
- Matrix mixer edition - refer to Matrix mixer view (DSP BUS) (p.43) for the read-only view.
- 8x8 matrix alignment delay - refer to 8x8 matrix alignment delay (p.43) for the indicators.
- EQ station - refer to Group Parameters (DSP BUS) (p.45) for the read-only view.
Using the interface

P1 is equipped with an encoding wheel with push button and a color touchscreen display.

Navigating between pages:

![Navigating between pages diagram](image)

Changing selection or setting:

![Changing selection or setting diagram](image)

Validating selections:

![Validating selections diagram](image)

Returning to the previous screen:

![Returning to the previous screen diagram](image)
Unlocking the display

The interface can be locked and unlocked in LA Network Manager to prevent unintentional operations. When the interface is locked, actions on the touchscreen display, and turns and short presses of the encoding wheel are ignored. Instead the screen shows **Display locked**.

To unlock from the physical unit, press and hold the encoding wheel for about two seconds. The screen shows **Display unlocked**.

Using the main screen

![Main screen configuration](image)

**Configuration information**

- * (star sign): indicates unsaved modification
- memory space number: from 01 to 30
- configuration name

Refer to the **Configurations (p.49)** menu.
**DSP indicators**

- A, B, C and D are DSP BUS indicators.
- Q is the CUE BUS indicator.

- **A** Bus is routed to at least one output.
- **A** Peak sample limiter is active (refer to *Level meters and mute* (p.26)).
- **A** Bus is not routed to any output.

**IP address**

**IP** is the last number of the processor IP address (from 1 to 254). Refer to *Configuring the IP settings* (p.60).

- **100** Processor is not connected to LA Network Manager, or to any L-COM based remote controller.
- **100** Processor is connected to an L-COM based remote controller, but not to LA Network Manager.
- **100** Processor is connected to LA Network Manager, and may be also connected to another L-COM based remote controller.
Level meters and mute

**Main screen level meters**

- **red**: Digital level is between -5 and 0 dBFS (peak sample limiter on BUS and CUE signals).
- **yellow**: Digital level is between -20 and -5 dBFS.
- **green**: Digital level is between -60 and -20 dBFS.

**Level meters can be gray, blue, or orange in fallback scenarios.**

Refer to Automatic input fallback (p.28).

**Main screen mute**

![Mute/Unmute all signals in the corresponding set of four input/output.](image)

**Example with muted ANA, AES, MIC and GEN:**

![Example with muted ANA, AES, MIC and GEN.](image)

- Red bottom indicators represent a muted signal.
- On muted inputs, pre-mute levels are displayed above the red bottom indicator.
- Orange mute buttons represent a mixed status across a single input/output type.
  
  For individual signal mute, refer to Mute (p.33).

For confirmations before applying the main screen mute/unmute, refer to Selecting preferences (p.63).
Time-alignment

- Time-alignment can only be configured in LA Network Manager.

The AES/EBU and analog outputs of P1 are always time-aligned.

When a P1 unit is used as a front-end processor to feed LA12X, compatible LA4X, or other P1 units using AVB for the main distribution and AES/EBU or analog for the redundant distribution, it is recommended to enable Time-alignment for this P1 unit in LA Network Manager.

Time-alignment adds a small delay to the AES/EBU and analog outputs to align them to the AVB distribution, to compensate for the AVB network latency, and ensure the propagation time is the same on the AES/EBU, analog and AVB paths. This additional delay eliminates the risk of destructive interference due to time misalignment in case of partial loss of the main distribution.

To use this option, make sure that no equipment is inserted in the AES/EBU or analog path between the P1 used as a front-end processor and the units it feeds.

When the option is enabled, the **ANA**, **AES**, and **AVB** output labels are purple on the main screen.

![T-A on a purple background is also displayed in the respective output pages.](image-url)
**Operation**

**Automatic input fallback**

* Fallback can only be enabled and configured in LA Network Manager.

**General considerations**

When fallback is enabled, loss of sound due to signal failure in the AVB or AES inputs can be avoided by automatically switching to a fallback signal.

The switchover condition from an AVB signal is the loss of the "locked" status.

Possible causes:
- Switch or talker failure (rebooted, turned off, unplugged...).
- Cable failures.
- Disconnection or "stop streaming" requested by the AVB Controller.
- Non-Avnu certified device in the network.

The switchover conditions from an AES signal are:
- No clock
- Loss of lock
- CRC error
- Bipolar encoding error
- Data slip

Validity bit (invalid audio) value does not trigger a fallback. Instead the signal is muted.

**Precautions to avoid loss of sound or level differences upon fallback**

The fallback input(s) must be connected to an audio source playing the same program as the main input.

The level of an AVB or AES audio source used as main input must be aligned (using gain) to the level of an analog audio source used as fallback input.

**Fallback and time-alignment**

The propagation time of the AVB signal distribution is likely to be longer than the propagation time of the AES/EBU or ANALOG redundant signal distribution. In this case, if some Units in the system switch to AVB fallback, but not other Units, parts of the system are no longer time-aligned.

It is highly recommended to adopt a system deployment that minimize these risks, and to use the Trigger Fallback button in LA Network Manager on Units that did not switch over in order to re-align the system until the initial cause of the problem is found and resolved.

If the connected signal source comes from another P1, enable the time-alignment option in LA Network Manager to solve the issue.
### Main inputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AVB 1-4</th>
<th>AES 1-4</th>
<th>ANA 1-4</th>
<th>MIC 1-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AVB 5-8</td>
<td>AES 1-4</td>
<td>ANA 1-4</td>
<td>MIC 1-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AES 1-2</td>
<td>ANA 1-2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AES 3-4</td>
<td>ANA 3-4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**A fallback input can be used twice.**

For example, ANA 1-4 can be the fallback of both AVB 1-4 and AVB 5-8.

**Crossed combinations are not possible.**

For example, it is not possible for MIC 3-4 to be the fallback of AES 1-2.

Inputs designated as fallback are reserved for this usage, and therefore can no longer be selected as sources in the router.
**Operation**

**Representation on main screen**

When enabled, fallback is automatically triggered by both partial or total failures.

Reverting to the initial input after recovery is managed by manual selection in LA Network Manager.

In these examples, the main input is AES, and the fallback input is ANA.

- **Nominal**

  - Main input: Type label is blue.
  - Fallback input: Type label has a blue frame, levels are light gray (displayed for monitoring and gain adjustment).

- **Partial failure**

  - Main input: Type label is red.
  - Fallback input: Type label is blue. Levels of activated channels are blue, levels of channels that remain inactive remain light gray.

- **Total failure**

  - Main input: Type label is red.
  - Fallback input: Type label and levels of activated channels are blue.

- **Partial recovery**

  - Main input: Type label is red., levels of recovered channels are orange.
  - Fallback input: Type label and levels of activated channels are blue.

- **Total recovery**

  - Main input: Type label and levels of recovered channels are orange.
  - Fallback input: Type label and levels of activated channels are blue.
Using the input/output pages

Access to the input/output pages through their types or level meters.

Inputs

For the Media Player, refer to Turning on the Media Player (p.63).
Stacked views

All pages (except Generator and Media Player) have stacked views to access additional settings and information, such as polarity, and AVB status and mapping.

Access to stacked views.

The DSP BUS page has four stacked views.

Example with the AVB outputs page:

Mute

All pages have individual mute for each signal (accessible in stacked view 2 and 3 for the DSP BUS page, refer to Stacked views (p.33)).

Mute/Unmute a specific signal.

When muted, the bottom indicators of the level meters are red.

Example with muted ANA 2 and ANA 4 outputs.

On the main screen, an orange mute represents a mixed status across a single input/output type.
**Gain**

All pages have individual gain for each signal (accessible in stacked view 2 for the DSP BUS page, refer to *Stacked views* (p.33)).

This is a digital gain (post-conversion on analog signals). For additional analog preamp gain on Mic inputs, refer to *Mic/Line settings* (p.39).

Edit gain for a specific signal.

To select whether selections are additive (multiple selections) or exclusive (one item at a time), refer to *Selecting preferences* (p.63).
Polarity

All pages (except Generator, Media Player, and CUE BUS) have individual polarity settings for each signal, accessible in a stacked view (view 4 for DSP BUS, and view 2 for the other pages, refer to Stacked views (p.33)).

[Image of polarity symbols]

Polarity of the corresponding input or output type.

On both views of the page, the polarity status is at the bottom of the level meters.

Signal status (AES and AVB)

The status of the signal is displayed on the AES/EBU input page, and in the AVB input and output pages.

AES/EBU status

[Image of AES/EBU status]

Locked and the sampling frequency

Indicates a digital audio source is connected to the AES/EBU inputs, the signal delivered by the source has a format supported by the processor’s digital audio board, and no loss or fault is being detected during data transfer.

For example, **Locked 96000 Hz** indicates the digital audio source provides signals of sampling frequency of 96 kHz.

Unlocked

Indicates the incoming digital signals are faulty and leads to loss of audio.

The Locked status is re-acquired after at least 500 ms of stability.

Invalid

Indicates non-audio data in the payload or errors in the AES/EBU transmission.
Input AVB statuses

**NOT CONNECTED**
The Unit is not connected to any talker.

If unexpected, possible causes are:
- The attempted connection failed.
- An AVB controller requested a disconnection.

To resolve, connect an AVB controller and use it to connect a talker to the Unit.

If alternating with **TRYING PREVIOUS**: the unit is trying to automatically connect to the stream that was connected before last standby/power off. This can be overridden by selecting a different stream or by disconnecting from LA Network Manager.

**WAITING RESERVATION / REQUESTING TALKER**
The AVB Listener of P1 has been told by an AVB Controller to connect to an AVB Talker and it is now waiting for the conclusion of the bandwidth reservation from the AVB Talker.

If displayed for more than a few seconds:
- Check the network for a disconnected cable.
- Check that the talker is in working order (fully booted).

**RESERVATION ERROR** and error code
The bandwidth reservation has failed.

It can also be temporarily displayed when a network cable is disconnected then reconnected.

If displayed for more than a few seconds, refer to the List of AVB reservation errors (p.79).

**WAITING START**
The bandwidth is reserved but the Unit has received a "stop streaming" command by the AVB controller: Try disconnecting and reconnecting the stream.

**WAITING DATA**
Waiting for the talker to transmit the stream.

If displayed for more than a few seconds, possible causes are:
- Talker is physically disconnected or off: check the talker.
- A "stop streaming" command has been sent to the talker from a third-party AVB controller: Try disconnecting and reconnecting the stream.

**LOCKING**
Locking on the received stream.

If displayed for more than a few seconds, check the number of hops in the network cabling.

**READY** and the sampling frequency
Waiting for media clock to set up.

If displayed for more than a few seconds, possible causes are:
- Non-Avnu certified devices on the network are disrupting the media clock synchronization: preferably use Avnu-certified devices.

**LOCKED** and the sampling frequency
Processing audio stream data.
Output AVB statuses

In the AVB output page, the signal status is visible in the stacked view 2 (refer to Stacked views (p.33)).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOT CONNECTED</td>
<td>The Unit is not connected to any listener. If unexpected, possible causes are:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• The attempted connection failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• An AVB controller requested a disconnection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To resolve, connect an AVB controller and use it to connect a listener to the Unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAITING REUSE</td>
<td>The AVB stream format has been modified by the AVB Controller, and the AVB talker interrupted streaming for about 30 seconds to ensure that the previous stream reservations are released in the network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAITING RESERVATION</td>
<td>The AVB Talker of P1 is waiting for the conclusion of the bandwidth reservation from an AVB Listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESERVATION ERROR</td>
<td>The bandwidth reservation has failed. It can also be temporarily displayed when a network cable is disconnected then reconnected. If displayed for more than a few seconds, check the List of AVB reservation errors (p.79).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAITING START</td>
<td>The bandwidth is reserved but the Unit has received a &quot;stop streaming&quot; command by the AVB controller: Try disconnecting and reconnecting the stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>READY and the sampling frequency</td>
<td>Waiting for media clock to set up. If displayed for more than a few seconds, possible cause is: Non-Avnu certified devices on the network are disrupting the media clock synchronization: preferably use Avnu-certified devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STREAMING and the stream format</td>
<td>Sending audio stream data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Mapping (AVB)

In the default configuration, the channels from the AVB input stream are directly mapped to the P1 AVB inputs, and the P1 AVB outputs are directly mapped to the AVB output stream.

Using mapping, it is possible to patch any channel from the input stream to any P1 AVB input, and any P1 AVB output to any channel in the output stream.

To access the respective mappings, use the signal status in the AVB input and output pages (in the stacked view 2 for AVB outputs).
Each AVB input can receive one of the eight channels of an input stream. Each channel of the output stream can be fed from any P1 AVB output.

**Mic/Line settings**

The mic/line page has three settings for each input.

### Phantom Power (48V)

- **Off** / **On**

### Preamp Analog Gain (dB)

- **0** from 0 dB to +60 dB

### High-pass Filter (40Hz)

- **Off** / **On**
Media Player (MPL)

Turn on the Media Player in the Options, refer to Turning on the Media Player (p.63).

Turning on the Media Player disables AVB inputs 7 and 8.

Use the Media Player to read audio files from a USB drive connected to one of the USB ports.
P1 supports USB drives using the FAT 16 or FAT 32 file system.

![Media Player screen](image)

*Also available on the main screen.

**Selecting a file**

In the Media Player page, use No file loaded to select an audio file from a connected USB drive.

**Supported file formats:** *.aif, *.aiff, *.caf, *.flac, *.m4a, *.wav.

**Supported audio formats:**
- ALAC, FLAC, PCM
- from 44.1 kHz to 192 kHz
- from 16 bits to 32 bits
- mono or stereo (mono files are played to both outputs of the Media Player)

Stereo output is operating at 24 bits/96 kHz, with automatic high-quality SRC if the sampling frequency (Fs) is different from 96 kHz.
**MPL options**

The Media Player page has an option button.

![Open the Media Player options.](image)

**Playback Mode**

- **file**: play a single file
- **folder**: play all files in the folder

![Playback Mode](image)

**Repeat**

- **Off** / **On**: Turn off/on the repeat option (file or folder played once or on loop).

![Repeat](image)
**Generator**

Configure the signal generator in the Generator page.

Signal types: sine wave, sine bursts, 20 Hz-20 kHz sweep, white noise, and pink noise.

It is possible to modify the frequency of sine wave when the signal is on.
DSP (BUS and CUE)

Matrix mixer view (DSP BUS)

The DSP BUS page displays a read-only recap of the matrix mixer.

The matrix mixer is configured in LA Network Manager.

The blue dots represent what is enabled. First row below the labels indicates enabled inputs, and last column indicates enabled busses. In this example, all inputs except MIC, and all busses are enabled. Other intersections indicate which inputs are sent to the busses. In this example, AES 1 to 4 are sent to busses A to D respectively.

8x8 matrix alignment delay

8x8 matrix alignment delay is configured in LA Network Manager.

When two P1 processors are configured to create an 8x8 matrix, it is recommended to enable the 8x8 matrix option for these P1 units in LA Network Manager.

In an 8x8 matrix, AVB 5-8 is used to cross patch physical inputs between the two P1 processors, and AVB 1-4 is used to send the DSP busses to amplified controllers.

The 8x8 matrix option adds a small delay for the physical inputs of each P1 at the Matrix Mixer input stage to compensate for the AVB network latency, and to ensure that signals coming from any inputs to any bus are time-aligned.

To use this option, make sure that both P1 processors use the same media clock. Refer to Media Clock (p.55).

When the option is enabled, the ANA and AES labels are purple and 8x8 on a purple background is displayed.
Delay

The DSP BUS and CUE BUS pages have a delay setting, accessible in stacked view 2 and 3 of the DSP BUS page, and both stacked views of the CUE BUS page, refer to Stack view (p.33).

Tap and hold to open the numeric keypad.

Maximum delay for the CUE BUS is 2000 ms.

Maximum delay for each DSP BUS is 2000 ms, in addition to group delay. Refer to Group Parameters (DSP BUS) (p.45).
Group Parameters (DSP BUS)

The DSP BUS page displays the group parameters in the stacked view 4 (refer to Stacked views (p.33)).

For more information on how to create groups and edit their parameters (such as gain, delay, and EQ), refer to the LA Network Manager help.

Each DSP BUS output can be assigned to several groups. Group Parameters displays the group information for BUS A, BUS B, BUS C and BUS D respectively from left to right.

The information includes:

- The group name (if any).
- The group gain.
- The group delay.
- The EQ status (on or off).

In case of multiple group assignments:

- The name is `mult_grp`.
- The gain is the addition of the gains from all contributing groups.
- The delay is the addition of the delays from all contributing groups.
- The EQ status is on if at least one of the contributing groups has active EQ.

Maximum group delay is 2000 ms, in addition to individual DSP BUS delays. Refer to Delay (p.44).
AFL/PFL (CUE BUS)

The CUE BUS page displays PFL in the stacked view 1, and AFL in the stacked view 2 (refer to Stacked views (p.33)).

By default, the CUE BUS is routed to the monitor headphones. AFL and PFL allow isolating one or several input signals to monitor sound and mix quality for tuning purposes.

PFL (Pre-Fader Listening)

Select the input(s) to send to the CUE BUS.
All selected signals are summed. Input or DSP BUS gain is not applied.

AFL (After-Fader Listening)

Select the DSP BUS input(s) to send to the CUE BUS.
All selected signals are summed. Input and DSP BUS gain are applied.
**Source selection**

All output pages have an individual source selection.

![Source selection interface](image)

Edit source selection for a specific output.

Select the type of source (ANA, AES, AVB, MIC, MPL or DSP), then select the source.

![Source selection steps](image)

The source can come from one of the 20 input sources (4 analog, 4 AES, 8 AVB and 4 mic) or from one of the 6 DSP sources (4 BUS, 1 CUE and 1 Generator) - refer to *DSP architecture* (p.12).

![Example output settings](image)

Example with inputs ANA 1, ANA 3, AES 1 and AVB 3 mapped to the four analog outputs.

**Inputs appear crossed out when unavailable.**

AVB 7-8 are crossed out when disabled by the Media Player option. Refer to *Media Player (MPL)* (p.40). AES, ANA and MIC are crossed out when designated as fallback. Refer to *Automatic input fallback* (p.28).

For a read-only recap of the source selection, refer to *Matrix mixer view (DSP BUS)* (p.43).
Using the menu

Open the menu (or push the encoding wheel from the main screen).
Access to the **Configurations** menu is disabled when LA Network Manager is connected.
Loading a configuration

Select CONFIGURATIONS > LOAD. Select from one of the previously stored configurations.

Storing a configuration

Select CONFIGURATIONS > STORE. There are 30 memory spaces. Choose a name (16 characters maximum) for the configuration.

Deleting a configuration

Select CONFIGURATIONS > DELETE to delete a previously stored configuration.
Operation

Loading the default configuration

Select **CONFIGURATIONS > LOAD DEFAULT**.

Default configuration

- Mute: all unmuted, except BUS.
- Gain: all with 0 dB gain, except:
  - MON with -12 dB gain
  - GEN with -42 dB gain (pink noise, off)
  - Media Player with -36 dB (off)
- Polarity: all with positive polarity.
- Delay: all at 0 ms, time-alignment off, 8x8 matrix delay off.
- Mic/Line settings: phantom power and HPF off, and analog preamp gain at 0 dB.
- Group parameters: cleared.
- Matrix mixer:
Exporting configurations

Export configurations to a USB drive connected to one of the USB ports. P1 supports USB drives using the FAT 16 or FAT 32 file system.

- Select **CONFIGURATIONS > EXPORT (USB) > EXPORT SINGLE CFG** to export a single configuration.

*Use **FILE** to modify the file name. Use **DIR** to select an existing folder or create a new one.*

Single configuration files are saved as *.lcfg.*

- Select **CONFIGURATIONS > EXPORT (USB) > BACKUP ALL CFG** to export all configurations.

*Default file name is **ALLCFG-P1-** followed with the processor IP. Use **FILE** to modify the name. Use **DIR** to select an existing folder or create a new one.*

Backup files are saved as *.lbak.*
**Importing configurations**

Import configurations from a USB drive connected to one of the USB ports.

P1 supports USB drives using the FAT 16 or FAT 32 file system.

- Select `CONFIGURATIONS > IMPORT (USB) > IMPORT SINGLE CFG` to import a single configuration.

Select a folder and a *.lcfg file from the USB drive.

Select a memory space for the imported file.
- Select **CONFIGURATIONS > IMPORT (USB) > RESTORE ALL CFG** to import an all-configurations file (30 configurations).

Select a folder and a *.lbak file from the USB drive.

Importing an all-configurations file overwrites the 30 memory spaces.
**Media Clock**

Configuring the media clock source

**Media Clock Source** displays the status of the AVB input stream and CRF input stream, and a button to select the media clock source.

- **Internal** The processor clock runs using its high-precision internal quartz at 96 kHz.
- **CRF Input Stream** The processor clock runs using the clock of the CRF input stream.
- **AVB Input Stream** The processor clock runs using the clock of the AVB input stream.

CRF (Clock Reference Format) streams only contain clock information, no media sample, for pre-synchronization (devices are locked before establishing the media streams). Refer to the [Avnu Pro Audio Media Clocking Specification](http://avnu.org).

Use the navigation arrow to display the **CRF Output Stream** status and information.

When two P1 processors are configured to create an 8x8 matrix, it is required that both P1 processors use the same media clock.

To ensure two P1 processors use the same media clock, either:

- Select an identical CRF stream for both P1 processors, or
- Set the media clock source of one P1 to **Internal**, and the media clock source of the other P1 to **AVB Input Stream**.
Monitoring & Info

MENU

- MEDIA CLOCK
- MONITORING & INFO
- IP SETTINGS

MENU > MONITORING & INFO

- GENERAL
- ETHERNET LINKS
- TEMPERATURE & HUMIDITY

MENU > MONITORING & INFO

- ETHERNET LINKS
- TEMPERATURE & HUMIDITY
### General information

Select **MONITORING & INFO > GENERAL**.

For troubleshooting purposes, it can be useful to communicate this data to your L-Acoustics representative.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Firmware Package</td>
<td>4 digits separated by periods</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>example: 2.9.1.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firmware Date</td>
<td>YYYYMMDD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>example: 20180409</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCOM</td>
<td>3 digits separated by periods</td>
<td>LCOM is a proprietary communication protocol based on TCP/IPv4 used by the L-NET Ethernet network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>example: 9.0.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serial No.</td>
<td>10-digit number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC Address</td>
<td>6 pairs of hexadecimal digits</td>
<td>The MAC address (Media Access Control) is a unique international identification number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>separated by colons</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>example: 5E:FF:56:A2:AF:15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardware Info</td>
<td>1-digit number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>example: DSP board rev. 6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Software**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Format</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Image</td>
<td>4 digits separated by periods</td>
<td>example: 1.0.0.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GUI (Graphical User Interface)</td>
<td>4 digits separated by periods</td>
<td>example: 1.0.0.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor</td>
<td>4 digits separated by periods</td>
<td>example: 1.0.0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boot</td>
<td>2 digits separated by periods</td>
<td>example: 1.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ethernet Links monitoring

Select MONITORING & INFO > ETHERNET LINKS.

**State**  UP/DOWN

Possible causes of a DOWN state:
- No cable connected to the port.
- Faulty cable connected to the port.
- Cable connected to the port but no device connected at the other end of the cable.
- Port failure.

**Speed**  10 Mbits/s, 100 Mbits/s, or 1 Gbits/s

**Duplex**  Half/Full

Temperature & Humidity monitoring

Select MONITORING & INFO > TEMPERATURE & HUMIDITY.

**Internal**
Temperature and humidity measured from inside the P1 Unit.
A percentage on a color-coded background indicates if P1 is at risk of overheating: green (up to 70%), orange (between 70% and 75%), or red (75% and more).

**USB Sensor**
Temperature and humidity measured from a connected P1 Sensor.

*The P1 Sensor is equipped with a magnet.*
Be careful around devices and objects that are sensitive to magnetic fields.

The P1 Sensor can be connected to one of the two P1 USB ports.

Since the P1 internal heat offsets the measurements, it is recommended to use the provided male to female USB extension cable, or a similar cable of up to 15 m / 49 ft in length (4-pin USB Type A).

Refer to the Help of LA Network Manager 3.0 for detailed instructions on system measurements.
Remote control of processors and amplified controllers requires setting up a private local area Ethernet network to interconnect up to 253 units (and additional devices such as Ethernet switches / AVB bridges) with a single control computer. This Ethernet network, called L-NET, uses L-COM, a proprietary communication protocol based on TCP/IPv4.

An IP address is a unique identifier for a network device on a given IP network. In IPv4 networking, it is made of 4 bytes (32 bits). An IP address is composed of a subnet address and a host address. The host address serves as a unique device identifier on the subnet. The subnet mask determines how many bits define the subnet address, and how many define the host address.

By convention, the first possible number of the host address is reserved to designate the subnet, and the last number is reserved to communicate with all devices of the subnet (IP broadcast address).

The factory default IP settings of all L-Acoustics devices are:

- IP address: 192.168.1.100
- Subnet address: 192.168.1.0/24
- IP broadcast address: 192.168.1.255
- Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

With these settings, the first three bytes of the IP address (192.168.1) define the subnet address, and the last byte is the host address (100).

In general, it is recommended to:

- Use the default subnet address and subnet mask.
- Edit the device host address to provide a unique identifier to each unit: use consecutive IP addresses starting from 192.168.1.1 up to 192.168.1.253.
- Set the control computer to 192.168.1.254.

However, it is possible to configure other IP settings when required by network administration. Subnet mask may be defined from 255.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.0, and the IP and gateway addresses must both belong to one of the following IP ranges (standards for Private Local Area Networks):

- 10.0.0.1 to 10.255.255.254
- 100.64.0.1 to 100.127.255.254
- 172.16.0.1 to 172.31.255.254
- 169.254.0.1 to 169.254.255.254 (not recommended)
- 192.168.0.1 to 192.168.255.254

**LA Network Manager and its host computer must be using the same subnet and Subnet mask as the units.**
Configuring the IP settings

![Menu screen showing IP settings]

LA Network Manager and its host computer must be using the same subnet and Subnet mask as the units.

After confirming a modification, the firmware checks all three settings before applying them. If the settings are not supported or not consistent, an error is displayed. Make sure that:

- The IP address is included in one of the supported IP ranges.
- The gateway is set to an IP belonging to the same subnet, or is set to 0.0.0.0 if not used.

**IP address**

Values for the first byte (first number) are restricted to Private Local Area Network prefixes: 10, 100, 169, 172, and 192. For the first three bytes, set all Units of a system to the same values (for instance 192.168.1) for remote control by LA Network Manager.

**Subnet mask**

The widest subnet mask that can be used is 255.255.255.0. Wider subnet masks, such as 255.255.255.200, are not supported.

**Gateway**

A gateway IP address is an advanced setting reserved for specific applications such as amusement parks, campuses, and multi-room venues with a centralized third-party supervision tool (SNMP, Crestron, Extron, Q-SYS). In such contexts, the supervision tool is often located in a different subnet that is interconnected with the subnets of the units. Interconnection is achieved thanks to a gateway. The gateway address must be set on the units to enable communication with the supervision tool.
Configuring the network switch

Select OPTIONS > NETWORK SWITCH.

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is used to detect and automatically disable Ethernet ports to break loops created by redundant links in the network, which avoid broadcast storms that cause network failure.

In case of a cable or switch failure in the network, the protocol re-enables these ports to restore connectivity.

Selecting the display brightness

Select OPTIONS > DISPLAY.

The levels of brightness are: High, Normal, Medium, Low and Off.

Turning off the display is applied after a confirmation. To turn on the display again, use LA Network Manager.
Turning on the Media Player

Select **OPTIONS > MEDIA PLAYER**.

![Media Player On/Off Menu](image)

Off / On  Turn off/on the Media Player option.

**Turning on the Media Player disables AVB inputs 7 and 8.**

The disabled inputs appear dimmed on the main screen, and crossed-out in source selection.

Refer to **Media Player (MPL)** (p.40) for more information on how to use the Media Player.

Selecting preferences

Select **Options > PREFERENCES**.

![Preferences Menu](image)

**Gain Selection**

Additive / Exclusive  Select whether selections are additive (multiple selections) or exclusive (one item at a time).

Example with additive selections:
Example with exclusive selections:

Mute All Confirmation

Off / On  Select whether a confirmation is required before applying the main screen mute.

Un-mute All Confirmation

Off / On  Select whether a confirmation is required before applying the main screen unmute.

Resetting P1 to factory default

Select OPTIONS > RESET TO FACTORY.

The processor retains its network address.
Identifying the processor

When the processor is connected to the L-NET network, it is possible to identify it among other processors on the Workspace of LA Network Manager, and conversely in the physical setup.

During Identification:

- On the Workspace of LA Network Manager, the identified processor blinks in yellow.
- On the identified processor, the screen displays **IDENTIFICATION** and the complete IP address on a blinking red background.

To identify a processor on the Workspace of LA Network Manager, press and hold the encoding wheel.

To identify a processor in the physical setup, refer to the LA Network Manager help.
Corrective maintenance

Introduction

Presentation

This section is intended for end users and gathers the level 1 procedures.

Troubleshooting and diagnosis (p.67)

This section contains the diagnosis tables and procedures to identify the issues and how to address them.

Exploded view (p.71)

This illustration gives an overview of the order in which the elements must be disassembled and reassembled. Each assembly refers to the corresponding D/R procedure and the necessary repair kit(s).

Disassembly and Reassembly procedures (p.72)

This section contains the maintenance procedures for each assembly identified in the exploded view.

Inspection and preventive maintenance (p.14)

These checks allow to detect an issue. The quality control must be performed regularly.

Equipment and tools

Equipment

Before performing preventive maintenance on this product, make sure all the equipments listed are available.

- dry cloth
- computer with LA Network Manager (version 2.6 minimum) and CAT5e U/FTP cable
**Troubleshooting and diagnosis**

For any issue, consider the diagnosis tables for the possible causes and inspection procedures (if any).

**Power issues**

The processor does not turn on.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>possible cause</th>
<th>diagnosis/procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>power cord is not connected</td>
<td>• check that the power cord is connected to mains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• check that the IEC C13 connector is properly connected and locked</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• check that the on/off switch is on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mains failure or incompatible voltage</td>
<td>check that mains are available and that voltage is compatible (100 V-240 V ±10%, 50-60 Hz)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>power cord damaged</td>
<td>inspect the power cord. If necessary, replace it</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>other causes</td>
<td>contact L-Acoustics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Interface issues**

**Screen does not display anything (processor responds to remote controls and sound is as expected).**

- Contact L-Acoustics.

**Screen shows "Please wait..." indefinitely**

- Unplug the network cables and power cycle the unit. If the issue does not persist, then there is at least one loop in the Ethernet network: find the loop(s), and remove the cable(s) that create the loop(s), or enable RSTP.
- If the issue persists, contact L-Acoustics.

**Both USB ports stopped working (display screen is working)**

- Check that the connected devices do not draw more than 500 mA / 5 V. If at least one device does, disconnect it, and power cycle the processor.
- Contact L-Acoustics.
**GPIO does not work**

- Check that the connected device produces enough power (5 V / 50 mA).
- Check that the connected device does not produce more than 5 V / 50 mA power. If so, contact L-Acoustics.
- Contact L-Acoustics.

**Network issues**

Impossible to connect a processor to the L-NET network (refer to the LA Network Manager Help for software use).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>possible cause</th>
<th>diagnosis/procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LA Network Manager is set in offline mode</td>
<td>select the online mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>selected scanning range does not contain the processor IP address</td>
<td>include the processor IP address into the scanning range, or change the processor IP address so that it is included into the scanning range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processor is set with an incorrect IP address, or several devices (processors or amplified controllers) are set with the same IP address</td>
<td>set the computer IP address and subnet mask and the devices IP address as indicated in the LA Network Manager Help</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-NET cable is not plugged or incorrectly plugged</td>
<td>plug and secure CAT5e U/FTP cables into the L-NET connectors on the processor to connect it to other processors, to amplified controllers, to the computer, or to Ethernet switches (each of the processor connectors can be equally used as an IN or LINK connector) Refer to the LA Network Manager Help for network topologies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-NET cable is damaged</td>
<td>replace any damaged CAT5e U/FTP cables in the network chain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>more than two software clients are already connected to the processor</td>
<td>disconnect all other software clients</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>firmware failure</td>
<td>restart the processor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>other causes</td>
<td>contact L-Acoustics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the list of AVB reservation errors, refer to List of AVB reservation errors (p.79).

**Error messages**

There are corresponding event messages in LA Network Manager (refer to the LA Network Manager Help).

- **System Message Fan blocked** Displayed if a fan is faulty. The unit remains operational but there is a risk of temperature rising.

- **System Message Update error** Displayed if the firmware update has failed. Try to restart the unit. If the issue persists, check that each L-NET cable is in working order and is correctly plugged on both ends, and relaunch the update process. If the issue persists, contact L-Acoustics.

- **System Message Invalid L-NET client** Displayed if the unit detects a connection attempt from a version of LA Network Manager that is not compatible with the unit firmware (typically because the version of LA Network Manager is too old to manage the latest firmware features). Update LA Network Manager to version 2.6 minimum.

- **System Message Hardware error** Displayed if the firmware encounters a non-specified hardware error during startup or operation.

- **System Message FPGA error** Displayed if the FPGA cannot be initialized. Try to update the firmware. If the issue persists, contact L-Acoustics.

- **System Error DSP start-up fault** Displayed if the DSP cannot initialize. Try to update the firmware. If the issue persists, contact L-Acoustics.

For the GPIO messages, refer to General Purpose I/O (GPIO) (p.17).
## Sound issues

### No sound

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>possible cause</th>
<th>diagnosis/procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mains failure</td>
<td>inspect the mains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inputs/outputs are muted</td>
<td>unmute the inputs/outputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gain value is too low</td>
<td>set an appropriate output gain value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If there are fallbacks enabled, set an appropriate input gain value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>incorrect source selection</td>
<td>check the matrix mixer and routing, and input and output AVB mapping</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If there are fallbacks enabled: select another source that is not reserved for fallback, or unselect the source as a fallback so it is no longer reserved for fallback.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>audio source is not plugged, incorrectly plugged, or plugged into the wrong input connector</td>
<td>(re)plug and secure each cable into the audio source and the corresponding input connector on the processor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>audio source cable is damaged</td>
<td>replace the cable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>incorrect settings on the audio source</td>
<td>set appropriate parameter values on the audio source, in particular the output gain value (refer to the third-party documentation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>non-audible bit stream</td>
<td>check that the AES/EBU source does not deliver non-audio bit stream (encoded audio)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>audio source failure</td>
<td>check the presence of input levels, and the current status of the AES/EBU and AVB signals. If no signal reaches the processor, inspect the audio source for failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reminder:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A digital audio source can meet the following failures: no clock, loss of lock, invalid audio (validity bit), CRC error, bipolar encoding error, data slip.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>An AVB audio source can meet the following failures: switch/talker failure, cable failure, disconnection or &quot;stop streaming&quot; requested by AVB Controller, non-Avnu certified device in network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>other causes</td>
<td>contact L-Acoustics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Corrective maintenance

### possible cause

| noise, level loss, distorted sound, white noise
| diagnosis/procedure |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| AES/EBU audio source is connected to an analog input | check the input signal cabling |
| gain value too high on the processor | set an appropriate gain value on the processor channels  
If there are fallback enabled, set an appropriate input gain value. |
| output gain value too high on the audio source | set an appropriate output gain value on the audio source (refer to the third-party documentation) |
| input switched to an analog fallback with an incorrect input gain value | set an appropriate input gain value, and inspect the digital audio source for failure  
Reminder:  
A digital audio source can meet the following failures: no clock, loss of lock, invalid audio (validity bit), CRC error, bipolar encoding error, data slip.  
An AVB audio source can meet the following failures: switch/talker failure, cable failure, disconnection or "stop streaming" requested by AVB Controller, non-Avnu certified device in network. |
| audio source cable incorrectly plugged | unplug/replug the cable on the audio source and the processor |
| audio source cable damaged | replace the cable |
| incorrect settings on the audio source | set appropriate parameter values on the audio source (refer to the third-party documentation) |
| audio source failure | inspect the audio source for failure |
| other causes | contact L-Acoustics |
Exploded view

In the exploded view, each assembly corresponds to a D/R procedure and the necessary repair kit(s).

External modules
Disassembly and Reassembly procedures

D/R - Encoder wheel knob

Repair kits

KR LA4XBOUT
KR encoding wheel button LA4X/LA12X/P1

1 x 1

1348
LA4X and LA12X encoder wheel knob

Kit contains additional components that are not required for this procedure.

Exploded view
# Specifications

All values given in this section are typical values.

## General

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mains rating</td>
<td>100 V - 240 V (±10%), 50-60 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power consumption</td>
<td>Typical: 27 W, Idle: 25 W, Power supply board rating: 45 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital Signal Processor (DSP)</td>
<td>2 SHARC 32-bit, floating point, 96 kHz sampling rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling system</td>
<td>Fan with temperature-controlled speed (internal temperature probe)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Storage and operating conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Storage temperature</td>
<td>-5 °C / 23 °F to 70 °C / 158 °F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating temperature</td>
<td>0 °C / 32 °F to 50 °C / 122 °F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum altitude</td>
<td>5000 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Climate</td>
<td>Moderate and tropical</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Interface and connectors

### Interface

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interface</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Display</td>
<td>1 TFT color touchscreen display (320 x 120 px)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Navigation</td>
<td>1 encoding wheel with push button</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Front connectors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connector</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mic/Line input</td>
<td>4 female XLR3, balanced mono, ESD protected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USB</td>
<td>2 USB 2.0 host connectors (max. 500 mA / 5 V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headphones</td>
<td>1 × 1/4 inch stereo headphone jack</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Rear connectors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connector</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Analog line input</td>
<td>4 female XLR3, balanced mono, ESD protected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analog line output</td>
<td>4 male XLR3, balanced mono, ESD protected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital input</td>
<td>2 female XLR3, balanced stereo, ESD protected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital output</td>
<td>2 male XLR3, balanced stereo, ESD protected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network</td>
<td>2 × 1 Gb/s Ethernet etherCON I/O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mains input</td>
<td>1 IEC C13 V-Lock compatible with on/off switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Purpose I/O (GPIO)</td>
<td>1 female DB9 connector</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## AVB

### Featured AVB entities
MILAN-compatible, Avnu-certified AVB Bridge, Talker and Listener

### Standards
Ethernet AVB:
- IEEE 802.1BA-2011
- IEEE 802.1Q-2014 (FQTSS, SRP)
- IEEE 802.1AS-2011 (gPTP)
Transport: IEEE 1722-2016 (AVTP)
Control: IEEE 1722.1-2013 (AVDECC)

### Input audio stream
- Number: 1
- Class: A
- Maximum network latency: 2 ms
- Formats:
  - IEC 61883-6 AM824, up to 8 channels, at 48 kHz or 96 kHz
  - AAF PCM32, up to 8 channels, at 48 kHz or 96 kHz

### Input clock stream
- Number: 1
- Formats: CRF at 48 kHz or 96 kHz

### Output audio stream
- Number: 1
- Class: A
- Maximum network latency (Talker presentation time offset): fixed at 2 ms
- Formats:
  - IEC 61883-6 AM824, up to 8 channels, at 48 kHz or 96 kHz
  - AAF PCM32, up to 8 channels, at 48 kHz or 96 kHz

### Output clock stream
- Number: 1
- Formats: CRF at 48 kHz or 96 kHz

### Media clock
- upon user selection:
  - synchronized on clock of the connected AVB input stream (upsampling at 96 kHz in case of stream at 48 kHz)
  - synchronized on clock of the connected CRF stream
  - internal

### Streams forwarded by AVB Bridge
- up to 32
**Analog line inputs**

- **Number of line inputs**: 4
- **Input impedance**: 22 kΩ balanced
- **Maximum input level**: +22 dBu
- **Frequency response**: ±0.1 dB (10 Hz - 20 kHz)
- **A/D conversion**: operating at 32-bit/96 kHz
- **Input dynamic range**: 125 dB (60 dBFS, A-weighted 20 kHz bandwidth)
- **Distortion THD+N ratio**: 0.0005%, 1 kHz, 12 dBu (10 dB below max), 20 kHz bandwidth
- **Channel separation**: > 120 dB (20 Hz-20 kHz)
- **CMRR** (IEC 60268-3 3rd ed 2000-08 method): 53 dB at 1 kHz, 50 Ω balanced source

**Line outputs**

- **Line output impedance**: 100 Ω balanced
- **Maximum output level**: +22 dBu
- **Frequency response**: ±0.1 dB (10 Hz-20 kHz, load > 600 Ω)
- **A/D conversion**: operating at 32-bit/96 kHz
- **Output dynamic range**: 125 dB (60 dBFS, A-weighted 20 kHz bandwidth)
- **Distortion THD+N ratio**: 0.0005%, 1 kHz, 0 dBFS, 20 kHz bandwidth
- **Channel separation**: > 120 dB (at 20 Hz-20 kHz)

**Analog mic inputs**

- **Number of mic inputs**: 4
- **Input impedance**: 2.4 kΩ balanced
- **Maximum input level**: +22 dBu at 0 dB gain
- **A/D conversion**: operating at 24 bits/96 kHz
- **Frequency response**: ±0.15 dB (20 Hz-20 kHz at 0 dB gain)
- **Input dynamic range**: 118 dB (60 dBFS, A-weighted, 20 kHz bandwidth at 0 dB gain)
- **Gain range**: 0 dB to +60 dB by steps of 3 dB
- **Highpass filter**: 40 Hz, 12 dB octave (2nd order)
- **Phantom power**: +48 V (10 mA max. per channel)
- **Distortion THD+N ratio**: 0.0007%, 1 kHz, 12 dBu (10 dB below max), 20 kHz bandwidth, at 0 dB gain
- **CMRR** (IEC 60268-3 3rd ed 2000-08 method): 60 dB at 1 kHz, 50 Ω balanced source

**Supported digital input format**

- **Standards**: AES/EBU (AES3) or electrical S/PDIF (IEC 60958 Type II)
- **Sampling frequency (Fs)**: 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz, 88.2 kHz, 96 kHz, 176.4 kHz or 192 kHz
- **Word length**: 16 bits, 18 bits, 20 bits or 24 bits
**Specifications**

### Latency

- **Input to output (pass-through propagation delay)**: 0.5 ms (from analog or AES/EBU input to any analog or AES/EBU output)
- **DSP propagation delay**: 0.37 ms
- **Time-aligned redundant audio distribution**: AES/EBU and ANALOG: always time-aligned
  
  Can be time-aligned to AVB upon user selection for connection to LA4X/LA12X/P1

### Sample Rate Converter (SRC)

- **Sampling frequency**: 96 kHz
- **Word length**: 24 bits
- **Dynamic range**: 140 dB
- **Distortion THD+N**: < -120 dBfs
- **Bandpass ripple**: ±0.05 dB (20 Hz - 40 kHz, 96 kHz)

### Automatic fallback option

- **Mode**: AVB to AES, ANA or MIC
  
  AES to ANA or MIC
- **Switchover conditions**:
  
  AVB: loss of "locked" status
  
  AES: no clock, loss of lock, CRC error, bipolar encoding error or data slip
- **Constant group delay**:
  
  AES to ANA or MIC: independent from input Fs
  
  AVB to AES, ANA or MIC: upon user selection if source is another P1
- **Constant level**: upon manual user selection of gain, independent from input Fs
- **Revert to initial input**: upon manual user selection

### Headphones

- **Minimum load**: 32 Ω
- **Distortion THD+N ratio**:
  
  32 Ω: 0.007%, 1 kHz, -20 dBFS, 20 kHz bandwidth at 32 Ω load
  
  600 Ω: 0.004%, 1 kHz, -10 dBFS, 20 kHz A-weighted at 600 Ω load
- **Power**: 110 mW left + 110 mW right at 32 Ω to 600 Ω load

### Signal generator

- **Signal types**: sine wave, sine bursts, 20 Hz-20 kHz sweep, white noise, pink noise
  
  from -75 dBFS to 0 dBFS by steps of 0.1 dB
Media player

Supported file formats *.aif, *.aiff, *.caf, *.flac, *.m4a, *.wav
Supported audio formats ALAC, FLAC, PCM
44.1 kHz to 192 kHz
16 bits to 32 bits
mono or stereo
Stereo output operating at 24 bits/96 kHz, with automatic high-quality SRC if Fs ≠ 96 kHz

GPIO

Input 1 isolated, floating
1 referenced to chassis ground
Lo level: 0 V to 3 V
Hi level: 4 V to 24 V (4 mA constant)
> 27 V resettable fuse protection
200 V AC galvanic isolation

Output 2 isolated relays:
30 V DC/AC, 1 A contact relay
normally open
200 V AC galvanic isolation
floating

Power supply 5 V ±5%, 50 mA minimum, referenced to chassis ground, short-circuit protected, ESD protected

Signal processing

Selection input router and matrix mixer

Routing

Sources 4 mic, 4 line, 4 AES/EBU, 8 AVB, 1 signal generator
Routing 4 DSP bus
Outputs selection from the 20 available inputs, generator, and 4 DSP bus

P1 Sensor

Sensor temperature range -10 °C / 14 °F to +85 °C / 185 °F
Sensor humidity range 0% to 80% RH (non-condensing)
USB male USB-A

Remote control

Network connection dual-port Ethernet Gigabit interface
L-Acoustics remote control software LA Network Manager 2.6
Specifications

Physical data

Height
1U

Weight
3.7 kg / 8.2 lb

Finish
black

Protection rating
IP3x
### Glossary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CE</td>
<td>Europe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHK</td>
<td>check procedure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CN</td>
<td>China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D/R</td>
<td>disassembly/reassembly procedure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JP</td>
<td>Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KR</td>
<td>repair kit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMPS</td>
<td>Switched Mode Power Supply (power supply inside of the amplified controller)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### List of AVB reservation errors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Error</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Out of bandwidth</td>
<td>There is not enough bandwidth on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Check that all the bridges in use have a speed of 1 Gb/s (minimum).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Check the configuration of the bridges: some allow a higher bandwidth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>allocation for AVB streams (default is 75% of link speed).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Change the stream format: select a lower sampling rate, reduce the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>number of channels if some are unused.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Optimize the stream and channel usage: for each talker, use the minimum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>number of streams and the maximum number of channels per stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Disconnect some of the already connected streams to release bandwidth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Out of bridge resources</td>
<td>One of the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener reached its</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Try to reboot the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Try to disconnect some streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Out of bandwidth for traffic class</td>
<td>See error 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Stream ID used by another talker</td>
<td>A device on the network is behaving incorrectly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Disconnect and reconnect the stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Reboot the talker.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Reboot the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• If the talker supports manual configuration of the stream parameters,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>configure the stream to use another Stream ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Stream dest. addr. already in use</td>
<td>A device on the network is behaving incorrectly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Disconnect and reconnect the stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Reboot the talker.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Reboot the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• If the talker supports manual configuration of the stream parameters,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>configure the stream to use another Stream ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Stream preempted by higher rank</td>
<td>An emergency stream has been connected and reclaimed the bandwidth that</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>was used by the Unit stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Wait until the emergency stream is disconnected (bandwidth is automatically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>reallocated).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Try the resolutions of error 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Error Description</td>
<td>Resolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Reported latency has changed</td>
<td>A device on the network is behaving incorrectly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Disconnect and reconnect the stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Reboot the talker.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Reboot the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- If the talker supports manual configuration of the stream parameters,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>configure the stream to use another Stream ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Egress port is not AVB capable</td>
<td>Temporarily displayed when a network cable is disconnected then reconnected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>If displayed for more than a few seconds, it indicates one of the switch in the network is non-AVB capable, or is configured incorrectly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Only use AVB-capable bridges on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- If the bridges support configuration of the SR Class priority, configure all the bridges with the same setting (default is 3 for Class A streams).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Use a different dest. address</td>
<td>One of the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener has used all of its internal resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- If the talker supports manual configuration of the stream parameters,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>configure it to use another destination MAC address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Try to reboot the talker to make it use another MAC address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Disconnect some already reserved streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Out of MSRP resources</td>
<td>One of the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener has reached its limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Try to disconnect some streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Try to reboot the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Out of MMRP resources</td>
<td>One of the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener has reached its limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Try to disconnect some streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Try to reboot the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Cannot store dest. addr.</td>
<td>One of the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener has reached its limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Try to disconnect some streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Try to reboot the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Req. priority is not an SR class</td>
<td>The talker is behaving incorrectly, or the switches configuration has changed while the stream was active.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Disconnect and reconnect the stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Reboot the talker.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Max frame size too big for media</td>
<td>The talker is behaving incorrectly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Disconnect and reconnect the stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Reboot the talker.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>MSRP fan-in ports limit reached</td>
<td>One of the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener has AVB ports usage limitation and has reached its limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- If possible, change the configuration of the bridges to allow more simultaneous usage of AVB ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Review the network cabling to use less ports on the limiting bridge(s).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Changed first value for reg. stream ID</td>
<td>A device on the network is behaving incorrectly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Disconnect and reconnect the stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Reboot the talker.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Reboot the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>code</td>
<td>error</td>
<td>resolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 17   | VLAN blocked on egress port | One of the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener is incorrectly configured.  
• Configure the bridges to allow dynamic VLAN registration.  
• If possible, configure the talker to use a different VLAN (one that is authorized by the bridges). |
| 18   | VLAN tagging off on egress port | One of the bridges on the path from the talker to the listener is incorrectly configured.  
• Configure the bridges to enable VLAN tagging of the egress packets. |
| 19   | SR class priority mismatch | A wrongly configured AVB bridge is present in the network.  
• Configure all the bridges with the same setting (default is 3 for Class A streams). |

**Licenses and copyrights**

The processor firmware includes software packages released under open source licenses.

To access the list of the packages and their licenses, open a web browser and type the full IP address of a connected processor in the address bar.
EU Declaration of Conformity (DoC)

We

L-Acoustics
13 rue Levacher Cintrat
Parc de la Fontaine de Jouvene
91462 Marcoussis Cedex
France

+33 (0) 1 69 63 69 63
info@l-acoustics.com

declare that the DoC is issued under our sole responsibility and belongs to the following product:

P1 processor

The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation:

- 2014/30/EU: Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Directive
- 2014/35/EU: Low Voltage Directive
- 2011/65/EU: RoHS 2 Directive

The following harmonized standards and technical specifications have been applied:

- EN 62368-1: 2014 Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment — Part 1: Safety requirements
- EN 55032: 2015 Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment — Emission Requirements
- EN 55035:2017 Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment — Immunity requirements
- EN 50581: 2012 Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances

Technical file compiled by:

Genio KRONAUER
13 rue Levacher Cintrat
Parc de la Fontaine de Jouvene
91462 Marcoussis Cedex
France

Year CE marking was first affixed: 2018

Issued in Marcoussis, France

04/05/2018

Genio KRONAUER, Electronics Director
P1 is certified with the following:

- [Logo]
- [Logo]
- [Logo]
- [Logo]

P1 is compliant with the following:

- [Logo]